# SRI DEVARAJ URS ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION & RESEARCH (A DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY)

#### M.B.B.S. PHASE – I Degree Examination – January-2017

Time: 3 Hrs. [Max. Marks: 100]

# BIOCHEMISTRY O.P Code: RS -105

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked. Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary.

# **LONG ESSAY** (Answer any Two)

 $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks}$ 

- 1. What are nucleotides? Explain the synthesis of purine nucleotides by salvage pathway. Write briefly on the metabolic disorders associated with purine metabolism.
- 2. Explain in detail the metabolism of phenylalanine in the human body. Mention the associated inborn errors.
- 3. Explain how palmitic acid is oxidized in our body. How much energy is released? Explain how Acetyl CoA level is regulated.

## **SHORT ESSAY** (Answer any Ten)

 $10 \times 5 = 50 \text{ Marks}$ 

- 4. Pyruvate dehydrogenase complex.
- 5. Define isoenzymes. Give two examples of isoenzymes.
- 6. Plasma buffers and the role of buffers in the regulation of pH.
- 7. Regulation of plasma calcium. What is the biological reference interval of calcium in plasma.
- 8. Primary and secondary structure of proteins.
- 9. What is transcription? Write about post transcriptional modifications.
- 10. Define electrophoresis? Mention types of electrophoresis and its use in diagnostic medicine.
- 11. Aspartate malate shuttle and its importance.
- 12. Prostaglandins and their functions.
- 13. Write the sources and RDA of thiamin and its biochemical functions. Add a note on its deficiency manifestations.
- 14. Classify immunoglobulins and write about their significance.
- 15. Factors effecting absorption and biochemical functions of iron in the body. Write the daily requirement of iron by our body.

### **SHORT ANSWERS** (No choices)

10 X 3 = 30 Marks

- 16. Give an account of amylases in our body. How is starch digested?
- 17. What is carcinogenesis? List a few anticancer agents.
- 18. What is hypo and hyperkalemia. Write the biological reference interval for potassium.
- 19. Mention the biochemical defect in.
  - a) Homocystinuria . b) Hartnup disease C) Maple syrup urine Disease
- 20. Mention the biochemical defect in. a) wilson's disease b) hyponatremia c) Osteoporosis
- 21. Types of RNA and function of ribosomal RNA (rRNA).
- 22. What is transamination. Give two examples of transamination.
- 23. Biochemical functions of fluoride and Iodine.
- 24. What are oncogenes? Give two examples.
- 25. Give a brief note on formation of bile pigments.