(A DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY)

M.B.B.S. PHASE - II Degree Examination – January-2016

Time: 3 Hrs. [Max. Marks: 100]

PATHOLOGY-PAPER I

Q.P Code: SDUU-107

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked.

Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

LONG ESSAY $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks}$

1. Define Neoplasm. Discuss the steps involved in chemical carcinogenesis.

2. Classify AML give its peripheral smear and bonemarrow findings.

 $\underline{SHORT\ ESSAY}$ 10 X 5 = 50 Marks

- 3. Classification and pathogenesis of shock.
- 4. Sickle cell anemia.
- 5. Morphological changes of megaloblastic anemia.
- 6. Pathogenesis of renal edema.
- 7. Factors influencing wound healing.
- 8. Aplastic anemia.
- 9. Pathogenesis and complications of primary pulmonary tuberculosis.
- 10. Graft verses host disease.
- 11. Primary immune deficiency.
- 12. Cysticercosis.

SHORT ANSWERS 10 X 3 = 30 Marks

- 13. Dystrophic calcification.
- 14. Stem cell.
- 15. Growth factors
- 16. Liver biopsy
- 17. Giant cells.
- 18. Bence john protein.
- 19. Fat stains.
- 20. FNA cytology.
- 21. CSF analysis.
- 22. Routes of spread of malignant tumours.

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M.B.B.S. PHASE - II Degree Examination - January-2016

Time: 3 Hrs. [Max. Marks: 100]

<u>PATHOLOGY-PAPER II</u>

Q.P Code: SDUU-108

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked. Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

LONG ESSAY

 $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks}$

- 1. Discuss the etiopathogenesis, morphology and complications of Bronchogenic carcinoma.
- 2. 55 year female known diabetic for twenty years came with puffiness of face and pedal edema. What is your diagnosis? Discuss the pathology of lesions of this complication.

SHORT ESSAY

10 X 5 = 50 Marks

- 3. Etiopathogenesis of Gout.
- 4. Osteosarcoma.
- 5. Indian Childhood Cirrhosis.
- 6. Acute pyelonephritis.
- 7. Carcinoma of Cervix.
- 8. Asbestosis.
- 9. Teratoma Ovary.
- 10. Warthin's Tumor.
- 11. Gastric Carcinoma.
- 12. Cardiac Vegetations.

SHORT ANSWERS

10 X 3 = 30 Marks

- 13. Gall Stones.
- 14. Sites Peptic Ulcer.
- 15. Morphology of Atheroma.
- 16. Causes of Neonatal Jaundice.
- 17. Goucher Spleen.
- 18. Krukenberg Tumor.
- 19. Precancerous Lesions of skin.
- 20. Fallot's Tetralogy.
- 21. Name conditions of Ischemic Heart Disease.
- 22. Gouty Tophi.

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M.B.B.S. PHASE - II Degree Examination - January-2016

Time: 3 Hrs. [Max. Marks: 100]

PATHOLOGY-PAPER I O.P Code: RS-107

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked. Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

LONG ESSAY (Answer any two)

 $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks}$

- 1. Define Neoplasia. Name the routes and discuss the mechanism of Metastasis.
- 2. Classify Anaemia. Discuss laboratory diagnosis of iron deficiency Anaemia.
- 3. Define shock. Write about the pathogenesis of Septic shock.

SHORT ESSAY (Answer any Ten)

10 X 5 = 50 Marks

- 4. Pathological calcification.
- 5. Discuss type IV hypersensitivity Reaction.
- 6. Describe the Cellular events in Acute inflammation.
- 7. Staining Characteristics of Amyloid.
- 8. Define Thrombosis. Discuss the fate of Thrombus.
- 9. Congenital Syphilis.
- 10. Discuss Idiopathic Thrombocytopenic Purpura.
- 11. Bone marrow picture and Cytogenetics of Chronic myeloid Leukemia.
- 12. Free radical-mediated cell injury.
- 13. Pernicious Anaemia.
- 14. Paroxysmal nocturnal Haemoglobinuria.
- 15. Laboratory diagnosis of Multiple Myeloma.

SHORT ANSWERS (No choices)

10 X 3 = 30 Marks

- 16. Granulation tissue.
- 17. Pancytopenia
- 18. Cryoprecipitate
- 19. Lymphoblast
- 20. Frozen section.
- 21. Anticoagulants used in blood bags.
- 22. Lipofuschin.
- 23. Gaucher's disease.
- 24. Sickling test
- 25. Skeletal changes in Rickets.

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M.B.B.S. PHASE - II Degree Examination – January-2016

Time: 3 Hrs. [Max. Marks: 100]

PATHOLOGY-PAPER II

Q.P Code: RS-108

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked. Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

LONG ESSAY (Answer any Two)

 $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks}$

- 1. What is the etiopathogensis and the histological classification of malignant epithelial lung tumors? Describe the morphology of Squamous cell carcinoma of the lung.
- 2. Discuss the etiopathogenesis and morphology and laboratory diagnosis of prostatic adenocarcinoma.
- 3. What is the etiopathogenesis of Diabetes Mellitus. What is the morphology of pancreas and kidney?

SHORT ESSAY (Answer any Ten)

10 X 5 = 50 Marks

- 4. What are the types and causes of systemic hypertension.
- 5. Classify Hodgkins disease. Describe nodular sclerosis.
- 6. Describe the evolution of the morphological changes in acute myocardial infraction.
- 7. Emphnsema- Define and Classify.
- 8. What is mucoepidermoid carcinoma?
- 9. What are the fungi that cause chronic pneumonia? Describe the morphology of lung in histoplamosis.
- 10. What is the pathogenesis and morphology of chronic gastritis?
- 11. Viral Hepatitis.
- 12. Classify testicular tumors. What is the morphology of seminoma?
- 13. Fibroadenoma,
- 14. Ewing's sarcoma.
- 15. Chronic Pyelonephritis.

SHORT ANSWERS (No choices)

10 X 3 = 30 Marks

- 16. Polyarteritis Nodosa.
- 17. What are the complications of Myocardial infraction.
- 18. What is the morphology of lung is Sarcoidosis?
- 19. Carcinoid tumour.
- 20. Helicobacter pylori
- 21. Serology of hepatitis B infection.
- 22. What is cystic renal dysplasia?
- 23. What is Phyllodes Tumour? Describe its morphology.
- 24. Rheumatoid Arthritis.
- 25. Name four small round cell tumors. Describe the morphology of retinoblastoma.

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