

(A DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY)

M.B.B.S Phase-II Degree Examination JULY 2018

Time:3 hours

Max Marks: 100



### MICROBIOLOGY PAPER 1

Your answer should be specific to the question asked Draw neat and labeled diagrams wherever necessary

## LONG ESSAY

### 2 X 10 = 20 Marks

- 1. Enumerate the aetiological agents of bacterial meningitis. Describe the pathogenesis and laboratory diagnosis of meningococcal meningitis (2+4+4).
- 2. Describe the central and peripheral lymphoid organs of immune system. Describe the development of T and B cells. (6+4)

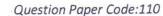
## SHORT ESSAY

### 10 X 5 = 50 Marks

- 3. Mention causative agent, pathogenesis and laboratory diagnosis of chancroid.(1+2+2)
- 4. Name two clinical types, their causative agents and vectors of Typhus fever group.
- 5. Describe the pathogenesis and laboratory diagnosis of Group B Streptococcal infections. (3+2)
- 6. Describe the principle and applications of Hot air oven (3+2)
- 7. Describe the Structure and biological functions of IgA. (2+3)
- 8. Mention the types, mechanism, methods of detection of drug resistant tuberculosis. (1+2+2)
- 9. Describe the Bacterial capsule in relation to its chemical nature, role in pathogenicity and methods of demonstration. (1+2+2)
- 10. Describe the Classical pathway of complement activation
- 11. Describe Toxin mediated diseases of Staphylococcus aureus.
- 12. Describe the mechanism and clinical importance of Arthus reaction.(3+2)

# SHORT ANSWERS

- 13. What is Quellung test?
- 14. Enumerate 3 infections caused by Escherichia coli.
- 15. Enumerate three bacteria causing zoonotic infections
- 16. Enumerate three steps in PCR
- 17. Mention the Epithelial surfaces of the body involved in innate immunity.
- 18. Enumerate the species of Shigella.
- 19. List three Transport media with examples
- 20. Mention three applications of Indirect immunofluroscence test.
- 21. List three contributions of Robert Koch
- 22. Enumerate 3 diseases caused by Chlamydia





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# **MICROBIOLOGY PAPER 2**

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#### LONG ESSAY

#### 2 X 10 = 20 Marks

- 1. Enumerate any four protozoa causing gastroenteritis. Describe the pathogenesis and laboratory diagnosis of extra intestinal amoebiasis. (2+4+4)
- 2. Discuss the epidemiology, pathogenesis and laboratory diagnosis and prophylaxis of Japanese B encephalitis. (3+2+4+1)

## SHORT ESSAY

### 10 X 5 = 50 Marks

- 3. Describe the life cycle of Fasciola hepatica.
- 4. Describe the agent, it's transmission and lesion of cutaneous leishmaniasis. (1+1+3)
- 5. Describe the predisposing factors, clinical manifestations and lab diagnosis of Mucormycosis.(1+2+2)
- 6. Describe the laboratory diagnosis of Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) infection.
- 7. Describe the life cycle of Ascaris lumbricoides.
- 8. Describe the sources, clinical lesions and laboratory diagnosis of Dermatophytes. (1+2+2)
- 9. Describe the lesions caused by Herpes simplex viruses and name two drugs used to treat Herpes simplex virus infections
- 10. Describe antigenic shift and antigenic drift in Influenza virus.
- 11. Draw a neat labelled diagram of Hydatid cyst, its distribution and diagnosis.
- 12. Describe the replication cycle of a bacteriophage (5)

## SHORT ANSWERS

- 13. Draw a neat labelled diagram of an egg of hookworm.
- 14. Enumerate any three general characters of Cestodes.
- 15. Enumerate three opportunistic fungal infections in AIDS
- 16. Negri bodies: common sites and staining characteristics.
- 17. Draw a neat labelled diagram of an egg of Trichuris trichura.
- 18. Draw a labelled diagram of Penicillium marneffi.
- 19. Name three DNA viruses
- 20. List three agents causing zoonosis, their reservoir host and diseases in man.
- 21. List six viruses causing diarrhea.
- 22. Name the colour coded container into which the following type of waste is discarded: 1. Human tissues, 2. blood stained dressings, 3. Foley's catheter, 4. needles, 5. glass ampoules, 6. gloves



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#### MICROBIOLOGY PAPER 1

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## LONG ESSAY (Answer any 2)

## 2 X 10 = 20 Marks

- 1. Mention the source and mode of infection of enteric fever. Describe the pathogenesis and laboratory diagnosis of Enteric fever. (1+1+4+4)
- 2. Name types of delayed hypersensitivity reaction. Describe their mechanism and the clinical relevance. (2+6+2).
- 3. Mention the source and mode of transmission of Bacillus anthracis. Describe the pathogenesis, clinical features and laboratory diagnosis of anthrax (1+1+2+3+3)

## SHORT ESSAY (Answer any 10)

#### 10 X 5 = 50 Marks

- 4. Describe the pathogenesis and laboratory diagnosis of Actinomycosis.(2+3)
- 5. Describe the types and pathogenesis of diarrhogenic Escherichia coli.(2+3)
- 6. Mention the types, mechanism, methods of detection of drug resistant tuberculosis. (1+2+2)
- 7. Describe the working principle of Autoclave with a diagram. List the sterilization controls used. (2+2+1)
- 8. Describe the mechanisms of innate immunity.
- 9. Describe the laboratory diagnosis of cholera
- 10. Describe the Bacterial capsule in relation to its chemical nature, role in pathogenicity and methods of demonstration. (1+2+2)
- 11. Describe the Classical pathway of complement activation
- 12. Describe the mechanism of action and methods of detection of Diphtheria toxin. (3+2)
- 13. Describe the Structure and biological functions of IgM. (2+3)
- 14. Describe the prophylaxis of tetanus
- 15. Describe the lesion, modes of transmission and laboratory diagnosis Cutaneous anthrax. (1+1+3)

## SHORT ANSWERS (No choices)

- 16. What are X & V factors?
- 17. Mention the Ridley and Jopling classification of Leprosy.
- 18. Enumerate 3 cultural characteristic features of Bacillus anthracis.
- 19. Mention 3 biological activities of exotoxins
- 20. Mention three applications of Indirect immunofluroscence test.
- 21. Enumerate any three clinical manifestions caused by Pseudomonas aeruginosa.
- 22. Enumerate Koch's postulates
- 23. Name 3 immunosuppressive agents. Give their applications.
- 24. Enumerate the three methods of genetic transfer in bacteria.
- 25. Name any three Atypical Mycobacteria and the diseases caused.



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#### **MICROBIOLOGY PAPER 2**

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# LONG ESSAY (Answer any 2)

# 2 X 10 = 20 Marks

- 1. Describe the life cycle of hookworm. Describe the pathogenesis and laboratory diagnosis of Ancylostomiasis. (2+4+4)
- 2. Classify the family Herpesviridae. Describe the pathogenesis of genital herpes and its laboratotry diagnosis.(3+3+4)
- 3. Enumerate the trematodes of medical importance. Describe the life cycle of Schistosoma haematobium and laboratory diagnosis of urinary schistosomiasis. (3+4+3)

# SHORT ESSAY (Answer any 10)

#### 10 X 5 = 50 Marks

- 4. Describe the lifecycle of Entamoeba histolytica.
- 5. Describe the life cycle of Diphyllobothrium latum
- 6. Describe the microscopic morphology and clinical manifestations of the three Aspergillus species. (3+2)
- 7. Describe the post exposure prophylaxis in rabies
- 8. Describe the clinical manifestations and laboratory diagnosis of round worm infection. (3+2)
- 9. Describe the predisposing factors, clinical manifestations, and laboratory diagnosis of candidosis (1+2+2)
- 10. Describe the laboratory diagnosis of Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) infection.
- 11. Describe the causative agent, sources, lesions produced and treatment Cryptococcosis. (1+1+2+1)
- 12. Describe the life cycle and lab diagnosis of Trichuris trichura.(3+2)
- 13. List the differences between live and killed poliomyelitis vaccines
- 14. Enumerate the Seromarkers of Hepatitis B virus and their clinical implications. (2+3)
- 15. Describe the morphology of Trichomonas vaginalis and laboratory diagnosis of Trichomoniasis. (2+3)

# SHORT ANSWERS ( No choices )

- 16. Enumerate the differences between microfilaria of W bancrofti and B malayi
- 17. Name three parasites that cause anaemia
- 18. Name 6 clinical types of dermatophytosis based on anatomical sites.
- 19. Name three RNA viruses with icosahedral symmetry
- 20. Draw a neat labelled diagram of gametocytes of Plasmodium falciparum.
- 21. Classify fungi based on sexual spores.
- 22. Name three Arboviruses causing haemorrhagic fever.
- 23. Name the colour coded container into which the following type of waste is discarded: 1. Human tissues, 2. blood stained dressings, 3. Foley's catheter, 4. needles, 5. glass ampoules, 6. gloves
- 24. Name 4 fungal species causing subcutaneous infections
- 25. List 3 agents causing oculomycosis.