Ug-2009

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#### **Ouestion Booklet Version Code**

A

(Write this Code on your OMR Answer sheet)

Question Booklet Sr. No.

1861

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devise.

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ecial care should be taken to fill your QUESTION BOOKLET VERSION CODE and Serial No. and LST ADMISSION TICKET No. accurately. The correctness of entries has to be cross-checked by the igilators.

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calculation / rough work needs to be done only in the space provided at the bottom of each page of the tion paper.

ediately after the prescribed examination time is over, the OMR sheet is to be returned to the invigilator ensuring that both the candidate and the invigilator have signed.

- 1. In a series resonant circuit, whole supply voltage of 50V appears across resistor. Voltage across the inductor is 80V. Voltage across the capacitor is
  - a) zero
  - b) 40V
  - c) 50V
  - d) 80V
- 2. As the resistance in series resonant circuit increases,
  - (i) resonant frequency remains constant,
  - (ii) band width decreases
    - a) both (i) and (ii) are correct
    - b) only (i) is correct
    - c) both (i) and (ii) are wrong
    - d) only (ii) is correct

Physical quantity which cannot be changed using a transformer is

- a) current
- b) power
- c) voltage
- d) frequency

Stopping potential of photoelectrons from a metal is maximum when incident radiation lie in

- a) Visible region
- b) U-V region
- c) IR region
- d) X-ray region

In the nucleus of a heavy atom, the particles present are

- a) Proton and electron
- b) Proton and neutron
- c) Electron and neutron
- d) Protons, neutrons and electrons

Planck's constant has the unit of

- a) energy
- b) linear momentum
- c) power
- d) angular momentum

The velocity of light is maximum in

- a) Diamond
- b) Water
- c) Free space
- d) Glass

Physics	hy
<ul> <li>8. An electric charge 'q' is placed a is in equilibrium. Then the charge a) -Q/2</li> <li>b) -Q/4</li> <li>c) -4Q</li> <li>d) +Q/2</li> </ul>	at the centre of the line joining two equal charges 'Q'. The system of three charge 'q' is
<ul> <li>9. Two equal and opposite charges of each charge is</li> <li>a) q/r</li> <li>b) q<sup>2</sup></li> <li>c) 8q</li> <li>d) 2q</li> </ul>	s are separated by a distance (r/4). To have the dipole moment 2qr, the magnitude of the separated by a distance (r/4). To have the dipole moment 2qr, the magnitude of the separated by a distance (r/4). To have the dipole moment 2qr, the magnitude of the separated by a distance (r/4). To have the dipole moment 2qr, the magnitude of the separated by a distance (r/4). To have the dipole moment 2qr, the magnitude of the separated by a distance (r/4). To have the dipole moment 2qr, the magnitude of the separated by a distance (r/4).
<ul> <li>10. The capacitance of a parallel planal</li> <li>a) Area of the plates</li> <li>b) Medium between the plates</li> <li>c) Distance between the plates</li> <li>d) Nature of the material of the</li> </ul>	
<ul><li>11. Which one of the following canna)</li><li>a) Water</li><li>b) Mica</li><li>c) Air</li><li>d) Aluminium oxide</li></ul>	not be used as dielectric in a capacitor
<ul><li>12. A logic gate whose output will be</li><li>a) OR gate</li><li>b) NOR gate</li><li>c) NAND gate</li><li>d) XOR gate</li></ul>	e in logic 1 state only when the two inputs are dissimilar is
<ul> <li>13. The only particle in the Baryonica) neutron</li> <li>b) Xi particle</li> <li>c) omega particle</li> <li>d) proton</li> </ul>	
<ul><li>14. Which of the following series is</li><li>a) Lyman</li><li>b) Balmer</li><li>c) Paschen</li></ul>	

d) Pfund

:har5. The ratio of the half-life T of a radioactive sample to its mean life 'au' is

- a) 0.693
- b) 1
- c) 1.44
- d) 1.386

5. In case of Ge doped with As, at room temperature,  $n_e = number$  of electrons,  $n_h = number$  of holes.

- $n_e = n_h$ 
  - b)  $n_e > n_h$
  - c)  $n_e < n_h$
  - d)  $n_e > < n_h$  depending on room temperature

7. If 'h' is Planck's constant, the momentum of a photon of wavelength 0.01 Å in terms of Planck's constant 'h'

- a) 10<sup>-2</sup>
- b) 10<sup>10</sup>
- c)  $10^2$
- d) 10<sup>12</sup>

The radius of the first Bohr orbit in case of H is 0.52 Å. The radius of second orbit in case of He<sup>+</sup>

- a) 0.52 Å
- b) 1.04 Å
- c) 2.08 Å
- d) 0.26 Å

When cathode rays are stopped by metals of high atomic number

- a) Protons are generated
- b) γ-rays are produced
- c) Neutrons are generated
- d) X-rays are produced

In semiconductor laser diode population inversion is for

- a) Electrons
- b) Semiconductor atoms
- c) Donor impurity atoms
- d) Acceptor impurity atoms

Size of an electron orbit in an atom is largely dependant on the

- a) Principal quantum number
- b) Angular momentum quantum number
- c) Spin quantum number
- d) Magnetic quantum number

22. A decrease in wavelength due to scattering is observed only in

- a) Rayleigh scattering
- b) Mie scattering
- c) Raman scattering
- d) Fluorescence

23. A candle flame gives

- a) continuous emission spectrum
- b) line emission spectrum
- c) line absorption spectrum
- d) band spectrum

24. The bending of a ray of light when it travels from one medium to another of different optical density is known as

- a) Diffraction
- b) Reflection
- c) Refraction
- d) Polarisation

25. Light rays from a sodium lamp are incident normally on one side of a glass prism and emerge out grazing other surface. The angle of prism is 45°, Refractive index of prism material is

- a) 1.6
- b) 1.8
- c) 1.4
- d) 1.2

26. For a swimmer under water, viewing obliquely, a coach standing on the bank of a lake, appears as

- a) slightly shorter
- b) slightly taller
- c) of same height
- d) half the original height

27. Two thin convex lenses of focal lengths f<sub>1</sub> and f<sub>2</sub> are kept co-axially spearated by a distance x. A parallel beam incident on this combination emerges out as a parallel beam. Then x is

- a)  $(f_1 + f_2)$
- b)  $(f_1 \sim f_2)$
- c)  $(f_1 f_2)/(f_1 + f_2)$
- d)  $(f_1 f_2)/(f_1 f_2)$

- 28. Brewster's angle depends on
  - (i) nature of reflecting surface
  - (ii) wavelength of incident light
    - a) only (i) is correct
    - b) only (ii) is correct
    - c) both (i) and (ii) are correct
    - d) both (i) and (ii) are wrong
- 29. An air bubble in water shines well because of
  - a) Dispersion of light
  - b) Reflection of light
  - c) Refraction of light
  - d) Total internal reflection

An ideal heat engine, rejecting heat at 47°C is to have efficiency 40%. It must take heat at approximately,

- a) 260°C
- b) 448°C
- c) 320°C
- d) 640°C
- 1. Heat is transferred from a point of higher temperature to a point of lower temperature even in the absence of a medium by the process of
  - a) Radiation
  - b) Conduction
  - c) Convection
  - d) by conduction and convection
- 2. A source emitting sound of frequency 450Hz is moving towards a stationary listener with 1/10<sup>th</sup> of velocity of sound. The apparent frequency as heard by the listener is
  - a) 500 Hz
  - b) 550 Hz
  - c) 400Hz
  - d) 450Hz

am

The intensity level of sound is one bel (standard intensity corresponds to threshold of hearing) when its intensity is

- a) equal to the standard intensity
- b) twice the standard intensity
- c) ten times the standard intensity
- d) half the standard intensity

Longitudinal mechanical waves are not audible if wavelength in air ( $V_s=350$ m/s) is

- a) 18m
- b) 1.75m
- c) 5m
- d) 3.5m

35. The effective value of the capacitance of the capacitors shown in figure in  $\mu F$  is

41



- a) 34
- b) 8
- c) 9
- d) 36

42.

a

h

- 36. Insulation property of air breaks down at  $E=3 \times 10^6 \text{ V/m}$ . The maximum charge that can be given to a conducting sphere of diameter 0.12m is
  - a) 1.2 μC
  - b) 12 μC
  - c) 120 µC
  - d) 12 nC
- 37. When n identical resistors each of resistance r is connected in series effective resistance is R. When the same resistances are in parallel, effective resistance of combination is
  - a) r<sup>2</sup>R
  - b) n<sup>2</sup>R
  - c)  $\frac{R^2}{r}$
  - d)  $\frac{r^2}{R}$
- 38. How many electrons flowing per second constitute a current of 1.6 ampere?
  - a)  $1.6 \times 10^8$
  - b) 1.6x10<sup>-19</sup>
  - c)  $10^{19}$
  - d)  $10^{20}$
- 39. With usual notation the Kirchoff's laws are presented as
  - a)  $\Sigma I=1$ ,  $\Sigma IR=0$
  - b)  $\Sigma IR = \Sigma E, \Sigma I = 1$
  - c)  $\Sigma I=0$ ,  $\Sigma IR=\Sigma E$
  - d)  $\Sigma$ IR=0,  $\Sigma$ I=0
- 40. The path of a charged particle moving perpendicular to a uniform strong magnetic field is
  - a) a parabola
  - b) a hyperbola
  - c) a circle
  - d) helix

41 Fraunhof	er lines in the solar	spectrum can	be explained by
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- a) Stefan's law
- b) Planck's law
- c) Kirchoff's law
- d) Newton's law

## 42. If I and 4I are the intensities of two interfering waves, intensity at the region of destructive interference is

- a) I
- b) Zero
- c) 3I
- d) 4I

#### 13. The transverse nature of light is established by

- a) Refraction
- b) Interference
- c) Diffraction
- d) Polarisation

# 4. Two nicols are in crossed position. One of the nicol is turned through 30°. Percentage of incident light transmitted through the combination is

- a) 12.5%
- b) 37.5%
- c) 50%
- d) 25%

#### i. The diameter of the dark Newton's rings are

- a) Proportional to square root of odd number
- b) Proportional to the square of odd number
- c) Inversely proportional to the natural numbers
- d) Proportional to the square root of natural numbers

#### Resolving power of optical instruments is limited -because of

- a) interference
- b) diffraction
- c) polarisation
- d) scattering

A machine gun fires a bullet of mass 50gm at a speed of 1000 m/s. If the shooter can exert an average force of 200 N against the gun, the maximum number of bullets he can fire per minute will be

- a) 240
- b) 120
- c) 60
- d) 30

- 48. Acceleration due to gravity is greater
  - a) on the equator of the earth
  - b) on the poles of the earth
  - c) on the peak of the mountain
  - d) inside a deep mine of the earth
- 49. A particle starting from rest and moving with constant acceleration covers a distance x in first 2 sec and distance 36. in next 2 sec, then
  - a) y=x
  - b) y=2x
  - c) y=3x
  - d) y=4x
- 50. Which one of the following is the most elastic?
  - a) Steel
  - b) Rubber
  - c) Gold
  - d) Copper
- 51. Liquid crystalline phase used in liquid crystal thermometer is
  - a) nematic
  - b) smectic
  - c) cholesteric
  - d) lyotropic
- 52. The magnetic moment per unit volume is called
  - a) Magnetic flux
  - b) Intensity of magnetization
  - c) Magnetic induction
  - d) Magnetic field
- 53. The material having negative temperature co-efficient of resistance is
  - a) Copper
  - b) Aluminium
  - c) Silicon
  - d) Mercury
- 54. The magnetic force acting on a charged particle moving perpendicular to the magnetic field will be
  - a) parallel to the field
  - b) in the direction of motion
  - c) zero
  - d) perpendicular to both magnetic field and direction of motion of the particle.

- 55. A high resistance of 19.9 k? is connected in series with a galvanometer of resistance 100?. Current for full scale deflection is 10 mA. Maximum voltage that can be measured using this voltmeter is
  - a) 100V
  - b) 150V
  - c) 200V
  - d) 250V
- When no load is connected across a cell, p.d between its terminals is E. The potential drop across its terminal when a resistance R=r (where 'r' is the internal resistance) is connected is
  - a) 2E
  - b) E/2
  - c) E/4
  - d) E/3
  - With increase in temperature, the probability of electron colliding with lattice ion, in a conductor
  - a) does not change
  - b) becomes zero
  - c) decreases
  - d) increases

An emf of 5V is induced in a coil, when current through it drops from 5A to zero in one milli second. Self inductance of the coil is

- a) 5mH
- b) 10mH
- c) 1mH
- d) 0.1mH

A charged conductor plate A of capacity C -at potential V is placed near an uncharged, similar conductor plate B. Then for the conductor plate A

- a) C remains constant V increases
- b) C increases V decreases
- c) C decreases V decreases
- d) C increases V remains constant

One kilo mole of a substance contains

- a) 1.38x10<sup>23</sup> molecules
- b) 6.25x10<sup>34</sup> molecules
- c) 6.023x10<sup>23</sup> molecules
- d) 6.023x10<sup>26</sup> molecules

- 61. Invertase converts
  - a) glucose into fructose
  - b) sucrose into glucose and fructose
  - c) starch into glucose
  - d) fructose into alcohol
- 62. Which one of the following is a saturated fatty acid?
  - a) Linoleic acid
  - b) Linolenic acid
  - c) Myristic acid
  - d) Oleie acid
- 63. Cresols are present in
  - a) light oil fraction
  - b) middle oil faction
  - c) green oil fraction
  - d) heavy oil fraction
- 64.  $\Delta$  H is always negative in the case of
  - a) enthalpy of formation
  - b) enthalpy of solution
  - c) enthalpy of combustion
  - d) enthalpy of transition
- 65. Which one of the following is an isolated system?
  - a) exchange of both matter and energy
  - b) exchange of energy only
  - c) no exchange of both energy and matter
  - d) exchange of matter only
- 66. In the manufacture of soap the substance used is
  - a) Washing soda
  - b) Caustic soda
  - c) Soda lime
  - d) Quick lime
- 67. Siderite is
  - a) Sulfide ore
  - b) Carbonate ore
  - c) Oxide ore
  - d) Halide ore
- 68. Magnatite is
  - a) Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>
  - b) 2 Fe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>.3H<sub>2</sub>O
  - c) Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>
  - d) FeO

# ). Ferro cyanide ion is having

- a) Sp<sup>2</sup> hybridization
- b) Sp<sup>3</sup> hybridization
- c) dsp<sup>2</sup> hybridization
- d) d<sup>2</sup>sp<sup>3</sup> hybridization

### An anionic complex is

- a) Sodium Argentocyanide
- b) Hexa amino Platinum Chloride
- c) Nickel Carbonyl
- d) Cuprammonium Sulfate

## The number of ions formed by Potassium ferricyanide

- a) 2
- b) 6
- c) 4
- d) 5

#### The lowest pH is exhibited by

- a) 0.5M Sulfuric acid
- b) 0.1M Hydrochloric acid
- c) 0.1M Sodium Hydroxide
- d) 0.2M Nitric acid

#### In the reaction, PC1, $\rightleftharpoons$ PC1, + C1, more of PCl, dissociates

- a) at high pressure
- b) at low pressure
- c) pressure has no effect
- d) on addition of an insert gas

# The Standard reduction potentials of 4 metal electrodes A, B, C, D are, -0.13 V, -2.92 V, -0.44 V, -2.37 V, respectively. The most powerful reducing agent is

- a) A
- b) C
- c) D
- d) B

### When ammonium nitrite Crystals are heated we get

- a) Nitric oxide
- b) Nitrous oxide
- c) Nitrogen dioxide
- d) Nitrogen

- 76. 4g of a nonvolatile solute dissolved in 36g of water, produces relative lowering of vapour pressure of 0.05. It molecular mass of the solute is
  - a) 40
  - b) 20
  - c) 80
  - d) 100
- 77. 2 molecules of isopropyl chloride with sodium in ether forms
  - a) 2:3 dimethyl butane
  - b) 2-methyl pentane
  - c) 3-methyl pentane
  - d) Hexane
- 78. Conc. H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> with PCl<sub>5</sub> gives
  - a) Sulfuryl Chloride
  - b) Thionyl Chloride
  - c) Phosphorus oxy Chloride
  - d) Sulfur tetra Chloride
- 79. Which one of the following does not give a ppt with excess of NaOH
  - a) Ferrous Sulfate
  - b) Zinc Sulfate
  - c) Magnesium Sulfate
  - d) Silver nitrate
- 80. In the manufacture of paper the substance used is
  - a) Washing soda
  - b) Caustic soda
  - c) Baking soda
  - d) Soda lime
- 81. The amount of CaCO<sub>3</sub> neutralized by 200cc of 0.5N HCl is
  - a) 5g
  - b) 10g
  - c) 50g
  - d) 2.5g
- 82. Entropy is expressed in the unit of
  - a) J-1K-1
  - b) KJ
  - c) KJ-1
  - d) JK-1

- 5 liters of NaOH solution contains 200mg of NaOH. The pH of the solution is
  - a) 10
  - b) 12
  - c) 11
  - d) 14
- 84. In a first order reaction, 90% of the reaction is completed in 7 minutes. The velocity constant is
  - a) 0.0329
  - b) 0.329
  - c) 3.29
  - d) 0.00329
- 85. The lowest osmotic pressure is exhibited by
  - a) 0.1 M Potassium Chloride
  - b) 0.1M Magnesium Chloride
  - c) 0.1M Potassium Ferricyanide
  - d) 0.1M Glucose
- 86. Lyophilic sols are more stable because
  - a) particles are heavily hydrated
  - b) particles carry +ve charges
  - c) particles have no charge
  - d) particles repel each other
- 87. 18g of glucose is dissolved in 180g of water. Relative lowering of vapour pressure is
  - a) 0.1
  - b) 0.01
  - c) 0.02
  - d) 0.2
- 88. 3g of urea is dissolved in 100g water. Molality of the solution is
  - a) 0.4
  - b) 0.3
  - c) 0.1
  - d) 0.5
- 89. When H<sup>+</sup> ion concentration of a solution increases its
  - a) pH increases
  - b) pH decreases
  - c) OH-ion concentration increases
  - d) pH remains constant
- 90. The Temperature coefficient of reaction is 2. If the velocity of the reaction at 55°C is 64. The velocity at 25°C is
  - a) 16
  - b) 4
  - c) 32
  - d) 8

- The pH of 0.1M HCl is 1, assuming complete ionization. The molarity of sulfuric acid having the same pH is
  - a) 0.5M
  - b) 0.05M
  - c) 1M
  - d) 2M
- Which one of the following solution has PH value above 7
  - a) Sodium Phosphate
  - b) Sodium Chloride
  - c) Potassium Nitrate
  - d) Sodium Sulfate
- 100. The half life of a reaction is 5 hrs. The amount of the substance left behind at the end of 20th hour is



- b)  $\frac{1}{16}$
- c)  $\frac{1}{4}$
- d)  $\frac{1}{8}$
- 01. Molecular Orbitals having highest energy is
  - a)  $\sigma^* 2P_x$
  - b) π2P
  - c)  $\pi^*2P$
  - d)  $\sigma 2P_x^2$
- 02. Which one of the following shows least magnetic moment?
  - a) Mn<sup>++</sup>
  - b) Ni<sup>++</sup>
  - c) Fe++
  - d) Cu<sup>++</sup>
- 103. Which of the following is a positive ligand?
  - a) Nitro
  - b) Nitrosyl
  - c) Nitrosonium
  - d) Acetato
- 04. The Oxidation state of Mercury in  $K_2[Hg I_4]$  is
  - a) +1
  - b) +2
  - c) + 3
  - d) + 4

105.	The adsorption of inert gases on activated charcoal increases with	Chemis
	a) decrease of pressure	113. IUP
	<ul><li>b) increase of temperature</li><li>c) increase of atomic mass</li></ul>	
	d) increase of pressure	a) p b) 4
100		c) F
106.	In contact process, the Tyndall box is used to a) remove traces of moisture	d) F
	<ul><li>a) remove traces of moisture</li><li>b) detect dust particles</li></ul>	114. Acet
	c) remove dust particles	a) (
	d) remove acidic impurities	b) (
107		c) (
107.	Selivanoff's reagent is  a) Resorcinol in water	d) (
	b) Resorcinol in HCl	115. Whice
	c) $\alpha$ naphthol in alcohol	a)
	d) $\beta$ naphthol in NaOH	b) c)
100	Hydroxy amino acid is	d)
1	a) Tyrosine	
	b) Serine	[6. In th
	c) alanine	a) b)
	d) lysine	c)
109.	The amino acid which has no chiral C atom is	d)
	a) Alanine	7. –I ∈
	b) Tyrosine	7. –I e a)
	c) Cystein	b)
	d) Glycine	c)
110.	Benedict solution contains	d)
	a) Copper sulfate, Rochelle salt and NaOH	8. W
	b) Copper Sulfate, Rochelle salt and sodium carbonate	a)
	<ul><li>c) Copper Sulfate, sodium citrate and NaOH</li><li>d) Copper Sulfate, sodium citrate and sodium carbonate</li></ul>	b)
	a) Copper Surface, socialiti chi ale and socialiti caroonate	c)
111.	With HNO, yellow oily liquid is formed by	d)
	a) Aniline *	9. N
	b) Methyl amine	a)
	c) Dimethyl aniline	b)
	d) Di methylamine	c) ď
112.	When Isopropyl chloride is boiled with alcoholic KOH we get propene. It is an example for	, u
	a) dehydration	). N
	b) dehalogenation	a
	c) dehydro halogenation	b
	d) dehydrogenation	C

113. IUPAC name of

CH3 NI

- a) p-toluidine
- b) 4 methyl Benzenamine
- c) p-methyl aniline
- d) p-amino toluene
- 114. Acetophenone is prepared by dry distillation of
  - a) Calcium Benzoate and Calcium acetate
  - b) Calcium Benzoate and Calcium formate
  - c) Calcium acetate
  - d) Calcium Benzoate
- 115. Which are of the following is strongly acidic
  - a) Phenol
  - b) p chloro phenol
  - c) p-nitro phenol
  - d) p-cresol
- 16. In the reduction of acetophenone to ethyl Benzene, the reducing agent used is,
  - a) Zinc amalgum and Con HCl
  - b) Zinc and dil HCl
  - c) Lithium Aluminium Hydride
  - d) Sodium and alcohol
- 7. -I effect is shown by
  - a)  $-(CH_3)$ , CH
  - b) CH,
  - c) NO,
  - $d) C_2H_5$
- 8. When methyl amine is heated with chloroform and alc KOH, we get
  - a) methyl iso cyanide
  - b) methyl cyanide
  - c) methyl cyanate
  - d) methyl thiocyanate
- 19. NO+ is called
  - a) Nitrosonium
  - b) Nitronium
  - c) Nitroso
  - d) Nitro
- 10. Maximum boiling point is shown by
  - a) 0.1M Potassium Ferrocyanide
  - b) 0.1M Ferric chloride
  - c) 0.1M Potassium Nitrate
  - d) 0.1 M Sucrose

- c) Collagen
- d) Peptones

127. The sperms stored in epididymis will next pass on to \_\_\_\_\_

- a) Urethra
- b) Testis
- c) Penis
- d) Vasdeferns

128. Which of the following can act as a viable codon?

- a) TAC
- b) ATG
- c) CUG
- d) GCT

Space for calculation / rough work

35

129.		ne hexaploid cell of a diploid organism with $2n = 8$ will have	_chromosome number.
	a) b)	24	
	c)	48	
	d)	12	
130.	Wh	hich of the following can be related to fibrinogen?	especial de la companya del companya del companya de la companya d
	a)	Thrombin	
	b)	Hemoglobin	
	c)	Platelet	disobject medicing of period (C)
	d)	RBC	
131.	Wh	That is the new title of IUCN?	
	a)	World Conservation Union (WCU)	
	b)	World National History Society (WNHS)	ingologi giliga-kilal
	c) d)	World Conservation Society (WCS) World Conservation Consortium (WCC)	
100	,		
132.		nd the region of the digestive system in which only water and electric Stomach	olytes are absorbed
	a) b)	Duodenum	
	c)	Small intestine	
	d)		
133.	Ox	xidative phosphorylation and synthesis of metabolic water occur du	rino
155.	a)	Electron transport system	
	b)		Sold Sold Sold Sold Sold Sold Sold Sold
	c)	Endergonic reaction	
	d)	Anabolic reaction	1 and 6211 or
134.	Wł	Thich one of the following is not related to cyanosis?	
D		· ·	
-	b)		
g sattatores q	c) d)	Right to left shunting of blood  Hyper oxygenation of blood	
	u)	Tryper oxygenation of blood	
135.		hich part of a drupaceous fruit is edible?	
	a)		respective and second second
	b) c)	*	
	d)		
120			
136.		affeine can obtained from plant	•
	a) b)		
	c)		
	d)	•	
		Space for calculation / rough v	pork
		space for carculation rough v	VOIN

137.	A circulatory vessel with lowest CO <sub>2</sub> concentration in blood is  a) Pulmonary artery  b) Pulmonary vein
	c) Superior venacava
	d) Inferior venacava
138.	Conjunctive tissue is a part of
	<ul><li>a) Stem</li><li>b) Endodermis</li></ul>
	b) Endodermis c) Epidermis
	d) Stele
130	With reference to nerve impulse spot the correct sequence
137.	a) Axon → Cell body → Dendrite
	b) Axon $\rightarrow$ Dendrite $\rightarrow$ Cell body
	c) Dendrite $\rightarrow$ Cell body $\rightarrow$ Axon
	d) Dendrite $\rightarrow$ Axon $\rightarrow$ Cell body
140.	Hydathodes are small aerating pores, which
	a) Are found on the roots
	b) Guarded by subsidiary cells
	c) Are always open
	d) Are always closed
141.	What is the number of CO, molecules generated in Kreb's cycle from each molecule of Acetyl Co-A?
	a) 01
	b) 02
	c) 04
	d) 36
142.	In Epigynous flowers, ovary is
	a) Half inferior
	b) Half superior
	c) Superior
	d) Inferior *
143.	Find the incorrect match from the following
	a) Cytology – Robert Hook
	b) Palaeontology – Leonardo Davinci
	c) Anatomy – Marcello Malpighi
	d) Genetics – H.J. Muller
144.	The most common antibodies found in man are
	a) IgM
	b) IgG
	c) IgA
	d) IgD
	Space for calculation / rough work

145.	The chlorophyll P.680 has its electron "holes" filled by electrons from  a) Ps-I  b) Chl-b  c) Water d) Ps-II	
146.	In one of the following plants transpiration is absent  a) Cactus  b) Helianthus annus  c) Elodea  d) Vanda	
147.	A flower having both sepals and petals  a) Achlamydeous  b) Dichlamydeous  c) Monochlamydeous  d) Diclinous	
48.	Select the correct match from the list  a) Trypanosoma brucei — yellow fever  b) Plasmodium falciparum — Cerebral malaria  c) Entamoeba histolytica — plague  d) Fasciola hepatica — Leishmaniasis	
49.	Auxin is a metabolic product of  a) Leucine b) Threonine c) Tryptophan d) Phenylalanine	
interpretation objects and obj	is a hormone employed in the formulation of oral contraceptival LH b) MSH c) Estrogen d) ADH	res
51.	Prokaryotic m-RNAs are  a) Monocistronic  b) Polycistronic  c) Acistronic  d) Split cistronic	

152.	In a marriage involving a man with 'O' group and lady with 'AB' group, what are the possible blood groups in children?
	a) Oonly
	b) AB only
	c) O or AB
	d) A or B
153.	Plants with no secondary growth is
	a) Helianthus annus
	b) Saccharum officinalis
	c) Hibiscus rosasinensis
	d) Plumenia alba
154.	The Casparian strip prevents water from entering stelar region through
	a) Plasmodesmata
	b) Symplast
	c) Passage cells
	d) Apoplast
155.	Monochromatic light of more than 600nm shows short reduction in photosynthetic yield. It is known as
	a) Red drop
	b) Armon effect
	c) Calvin effect
	d) Cytochrome effect
156.	Uptake and incorporation of DNA fragments from an extraneous medium by a bacterium is called
	a) Specialized transduction
	b) Generalized transduction
	c) Transformation
	d) Conjugation
157	With regard to developmental biology point out the irrelevant match
137.	33
	c) Endoderm – Skin
	d) Mesoderm – Skeleton
	Space for calculation / rough work

- 158. In Drosophila yellow body colour is a sex-linked recessive trait. In a cross involving yellow body male and normal female what will be the F<sub>1</sub> phenotypes?
  - a) All normal males and females
  - b) 50% males yellow and all females normal
  - c) 50% females yellow and all males normal
  - d) 50% males and 50% females yellow
- 159. Monoclonal antibodies can be employed for the diagnosis of
  - a) Leukemia
  - b) Haemopilià
  - c) Food poisoning
  - d) Colour blindness
- 160. Respiratory centre in the brain responds to changes in
  - a) Oxygen concentration of the blood
  - b) CO, concentration of the blood
  - c) HDL-level of the blood
  - d) Blood glucose
- 161. Genetic drift can be related to one of the following
  - a) Large population size
  - b) Sampling error
  - c) Extinct population
  - d) Marine fauna
  - 62. The first and third cleavage patterns in the egg of frog is
    - a) Meridional and latitudinal
    - b) Latitudinal and meriodional
    - c) Meriodional and equatorial
    - d) Two meriodional divisions at right angles to each other
  - 63. The cause for trisomy of 21st Chromosome in Down's syndrome is
    - a) Translation
    - b) Nondisjunction
    - c) Paracentric inversion
    - d) Absence of pachytene

1;

c) d)

d) Suctioning

171.	Fin	d out a fungal pathogen of ground nut.		
	a)	Cercospora archidocola		
	b)	Rhizopus stolonifer		
	c)	Neurospora crassa		
	d)	Penicillium notatum	kashadala nggaragi i	
172.	In I	Lac operon z gene codes for		
	a)	Galactosidase permease		
	b)	Beta galactosidase		
	c)	Thiogalactoside transacetylase		
	d)	Acetyl Co-A		
173.		and are characteristic features of n	DNIA	remain asie, i in i
3.	-		I-KINA	
	a)	Poly 'A' tail at the 5 <sup>1</sup> end and a cap at 3 <sup>1</sup> end A cap at 5 <sup>1</sup> end and a poly 'A' tail at 3 <sup>1</sup> end		saverando se re
	b)			
	<ul><li>c)</li><li>d)</li></ul>	A cap at 5 <sup>1</sup> end and another cap at 3 <sup>1</sup> end A poly 'A' tail at 5 <sup>1</sup> end and a poly 'U' tail at 3 <sup>1</sup> end		
	u)	A poly A tall at 3 elid and a poly O tall at 3 elid		
174	Ger	ne for sickle-cell anaemia is different from normal haemo	aglobin gene because of	
1/4.	a)	Base deletion	)giodin gene occause of	erestara e
*	b)	Frame shift mutation		
	c)	Base substitution		
	d)	Chromosomal aberration		
	u)	Chromosomal accitation		
75.	Ide	ntify the palindrome sequence from the list		
	a)	AATTGCC		
		TTAACGG		
	b)	CCGTTAA		
		GGCAATT		
	c)	GGCCTTAA	1000	
		CCGGAATT		
			300	
	d)	CGATCG		
		GCTAGC		vinendikasti itti
Į.		is the mills appelling anything		
0.	-	is the milk curdling enzyme		
	a)	Trypsin		
	b)	Lactase		
	c)	Pepsin		
	d)	Rennin		

- 177. Which one of the following is a National park?
  - a) Anshi
  - b) Ranganathittu
  - c) Sharavathi valley
  - d) Brahmagiri
- 178. Which one of the following is commonly found in both monocot and dicot plants?
  - a) Sepals and petals in multiples of three
  - b) Reticulate venation
  - c) Presence of annual rings
  - d) Well developed xylem
- 179. Point out the possible vector employed in recombinant DNA technology
  - a) Plasmodium
  - b) Transposons
  - c) Oncogenes
  - d) DEN Virus
- 180. The photosystem I and photosystem II with reference to photosynthesis was proposed by
  - a) Blackman
  - b) Amon
  - c) Emerson
  - d) Robert Hill

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