## SRI DEVARAJ URS ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION & RESEARCH



(A DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY)

Time: 3 Hrs.

Ph.D Examination December-2012

**Biochemistry** 

Paper - I

**QP Code: 1301** 

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked.

Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

YAMAKA, KOLAR- 563101.

Max. Marks: 1001

 $10 \times 10 = 100 \text{ Marks}$ 

## (Each question 10 marks)

- 1. What is review of literature? How does it influence quality of research work?
- 2. Explain different styles of bibliography
- 3 Explain randomized clinical trials. In what kind of situation it is adopted? What are its merits?
- 4 Name ten considerations in the Nuremberg code and write briefly about them.
- 5 Explain different types of sampling in clinical research.
- 6 What are the different considerations that decide choice of statistical test applied?
- 7 Discuss different issues to be taken into account while writing a scientific paper.
- 8 Write an assay on evidence based medicine
- 9 What are the functions of Institutional ethics committee?
- What are the components of research proposal submitted for grant? Write briefly about each one of them.



## SRI DEVARAJ URS ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION & RESEARCH

(A DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY)

Time: 3 Hrs.

Ph.D December 2012 Examination

**Biochemistry** 

Paper – II

**QP Code: 1302** 

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked.

Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

YAMAKA, KOLAR-563191. ked:

Max. Marks : 100]

(Each question 10 marks)

 $10 \times 10 = 100 \text{ Marks}$ 

- 1. Define Chromatography. Classify chromatography based on separation principles. Explain HPLC.
- 2. Define Diabetes Mellitus. Classify Diabetes Mellitus. Enumerate the long term complications. Add a note on tests available in this day, in the state of art labs, for diagnosis and prognosis of DM.
- 3 Classify enzymes with examples. Add a note on the kinetics of two substrate reactions.
- 4 Enumerate the various techniques used to purify proteins. Add a note on characterization of proteases.
- What is meant by higher levels of proteins organization. Explain how protein stability is maintained. What is a protein stability curve?
- 6 What is spectroscopy? Explain the principle of circular polarization of light. Add a note on its application to biological molecules.
- 7 Name the components of the Mass spectrometer. Discuss the principle involved in mass spectrometry.
- 8 Define electrophoresis. Explain any four factors affecting the rate of migration. Discuss 'PAGE'.
- 9 What is density gradient separations. Explain in detail the separation of subcelluar organelles. Add a note on marker enzymes.
- 10 Briefly discuss in general the host tissue responses to bacterial and viral diseases.