Bachelor of Audiology & Speech-language Pathology Second Year Semester-III April 2023 Examination

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80

Voice and its disorders

QP. Code: S3100

Your answers should be specific to questions asked. Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary

| | | | Draw neat tabettea atagrams wherever necessary | |
|--------------|-----|----|--|-------|
| I | 1. | a) | Define normal and abnormal voice. Differentiate between biological and non-biological functions of larynx. | 2+6 |
| | | b) | Describe the acoustical changes in voice that occur with ageing and the underlying structural changes. OR | 8 |
| | 2 | ۵) | _ | 2.2.2 |
| | 2. | a) | Define the psychoacoustic parameters of voice. What are the equivalent physical dimensions of these psychoacoustic factors? Define and list their units. | 2+3+3 |
| | | b) | Explain the process of amplification and dampening of resonant frequencies. | 8 |
| II | 3. | a) | Define normal and abnormal voice. Explain the different vocal registers and their significance. | 2+6 |
| | | b) | What protocol will you follow for assessing voice, and why? OR | 8 |
| | 4. | a) | Differentiate between puberphonia and high-pitched voice; misuse and abuse of voice. | 4+4 |
| | | b) | What is an organic voice disorder? Explain acid reflux disorders. | 2+6 |
| III | 5. | a) | Define perceptual analysis of voice and the need for the same. Explain GRBAS and CAPE-V. | 8 |
| | | b) | Discuss the importance of instrumentation in voice evaluation. | 8 |
| | | | OR | |
| | 6. | a) | Define stroboscopy. Explain the procedure involved and the parameters measured in stroboscopic evaluation. | 2+6 |
| | | b) | What is the rationale of EGG and stroboscopy? Compare and contrast between the two procedures. | 8 |
| IV | 7. | a) | What are the different management techniques available for a person with puberphonia? Discuss at least two procedures in detail. | 8 |
| | | b) | Describe the surgical procedures in the treatment of laryngeal web and unilateral adductor vocal fold paralysis. What is the role of a voice pathologist in such a scenario? OR | 8 |
| | 8. | a) | How would you prevent voice disorders in children? What precautionary measures will you suggest for an actor who has noticed slight change in voice? | 4+4 |
| | | b) | Describe the rationale and procedural steps for vocal function exercises and semi-occluded voice therapy. | 8 |
| \mathbf{V} | 9. | a) | What are the various clinical management | 8 |
| | | | approaches/techniques for vocal cord paralysis? | |
| | | b) | Who are professional voice users? Explain the role of SLPs in the management of voice in singers. | 8 |
| | | | OR | |
| | 10. | a) | Explain the management strategies for benign vocal fold lesions. | 8 |
| | | b) | Explain the different intervention strategies involved in functional aphonia. | 8 |

* * * * *

Bachelor of Audiology & Speech-language Pathology Second Year Semester-III April 2023 Examination

Time: 2.30 Hours Max. Marks: 80

Voice and its disorders

QP. Code: S3370

Your answers should be specific to questions asked. Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary

Long Essay $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks}$

- 1. Describe Voice Range Profile. How is it useful in the evaluation of professional voice users?
- 2. Describe the surgical procedures in the treatment of laryngeal web and unilateral adductor vocal fold paralysis.

Short Essays $6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ marks}$

- 3. Explain myoelastic- aerodynamic theory of voice production.
- 4. Briefly explain laryngeal web and laryngo-oesophageal cleft.
- 5. Write a note on contact ulcers and granulomas.
- 6. Discuss the short-term perturbation measures used for analysis of voice.
- 7. Discuss vocal hygiene programs for children.
- 8. Explain the importance of documentation in assessing voice therapy outcomes.

Short Answers $10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks}$

- 9. Write a note on vocal registers.
- 10. Briefly explain the laryngeal characteristics seen in children.
- 11. List the cartilages of the larynx.
- 12. How do we change pitch and loudness?
- 13. What are the differences between sulcus vocalis and Reinke's edema?
- 14. Name any 6 chronic laryngitis.
- 15. What are the barriers to voice therapy adherence?
- 16. Write a note on intervention strategies for vocal fold paralysis.
- 17. Write a note on the management of GERD/LPR.
- 18. Briefly explain the role of documentation in voice therapy.

Bachelor of Audiology & Speech-language Pathology Second Year Semester-III April 2023 Examinations

Time: 2.30 Hours Max. Marks: 80

Speech Sound Disorders

QP. Code: S3380

Your answers should be specific to questions asked. Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary

Long Essay $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks}$

- 1. Discuss behaviourist theory and distinctive feature theory of phonological development.
- 2. Describe the speech sound sampling procedures. Explain the factors that affect it. What are its merits and demerits?

Short Essays $6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ marks}$

- 3. What is independent analyses? Write a note on its importance in the assessment of speech sound disorders.
- 4. Describe the motor-based treatment approaches for correction of speech sound disorders.
- 5. What are the advantages and disadvantages of instrumental approaches in the assessment and management of speech sound disorders.
- 6. Describe core vocabulary approach for management of speech sound disorders.
- 7. Write a short note on a) Articulography b) Video fluoroscopy.
- 8. Describe broader-based language approaches for management of speech sound disorders.

Short Answers $10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks}$

- 9. How do acoustic features of vowels vary with tongue movement?
- 10. Classify speech consonant sounds based on place of articulation.
- 11. List any 10 test materials available for the assessment of articulation and phonological processes.
- 12. How does tongue tie affect articulation?
- 13. Write about cluster reduction and final consonant deletion with examples.
- 14. What is PCC? How do we calculate it?
- 15. Write about distinctive features therapy.
- 16. List all the phonetic placement therapy tools used in articulation therapy.
- 17. Write about minimal contrast therapy.
- 18. What is reinforcement? What are its types? Give examples.

Bachelor of Audiology & Speech-language Pathology Second Year Semester-III April 2023 Examinations

Time: 2.30 Hours Max. Marks: 80

Diagnostic Audiology Behavioural Tests QP. Code: S3390

Your answers should be specific to questions asked. Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary

Long essay

 $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks}$

- 1 Describe the rationale, procedure, and interpretation of the findings of, ABLB test. List the merits and demerits of the test
- 2 Discuss the subject and procedural variables that influence the assessment of central auditory processing.

Short essay $6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ marks}$

- **3** A 10-year-old child is suspected to have functional HL. Describe the test battery you would adopt and justify your answer
- **4** Discuss the factors that determine the selection of different tests in a test battery for hearing evaluation
- 5 Describe the audiological assessment of hyperacusis
- 6 Describe Feldman masking curves with its clinical implications
- 7 Differentiate between screening and diagnostic tests in hearing evaluation.
- **8** What are the non-speech tests available for testing functional hearing loss in adults? Explain anyone.

Short answer $10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks}$

- 9 Enumerate the merits and demerits of Stenger test in identifying functional hearing loss
- 10 What are the three components of evidence-based practice?
- 11 Define CAPD. Justify the need to have a special test battery for assessment of CAPD
- Write any six behavioural indicators commonly observed in individuals with functional hearing loss.
- 13 Name two tests each which assesses the following auditory processes
 - (i) Auditory closure
 - (ii) Binaural separation
 - (iii) Temporal processing
- 14 What is forward-backward Bekesy audiometry? How does it help in differentiating between CP and RCP?
- 15 What is nystagmus? What are the different types of nystagmus?
- 16 What is a cochlear dead region? Explain why pure tone audiometry cannot be used for identifying cochlear dead regions.
- 17 Write the steps involved in Fukuda Stepping Test.
- 18 Comment on informal tests for checking functional hearing loss

* * *

Bachelor of Audiology & Speech-language Pathology Second Year Semester-III March-2023 Examinations

Time: 2.30 Hours Max. Marks: 80

Amplification Devices QP. Code: S3400

Your answers should be specific to questions asked. Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary

I. Long essay $2 \times 10 = 20$ marks

- 1. Discuss the classificatory systems for hearing aids.
- 2. Describe the historical evolution of hearing aids.

II. Short essay $6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ marks}$

- 3. Describe the usefulness of ABR in the selection of hearing aids.
- 4. Detail the instrumentation required for electroacoustic measurement of hearing aid features.
- 5. Briefly explain the outcome measures to assess hearing aid benefits.
- 6. Write a short note on WDRC compression.
- 7. What are vents? Describe two types of vents.
- 8. Write a short note on master hearing aid.

III. Short answer $10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks}$

- 9. What are the application of cross hearing aids?
- 10. Mention the steps involved in the preparation of UV mold.
- 11. Mention any 3 variables affecting electro acoustic measurements of a hearing aid.
- 12. Write two or three sentences each on any three loudness-based fitting formulas.
- 13. Which are the most important 3 tips that you will give an elderly individual on the care and maintenance of hearing aids?
- 14. What are the different techniques used for signal enhancement.
- 15. What is peak clipping.
- 16. Define EIN and OSPL 90.
- 17. Which are the basic components of hearing aid.
- 18. What do you understand by 'modifications of earmold.'