

SRI DEVARAJ URS ACADEMY OF HIGHER EDUCATION & RESEARCH

(A DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY)

B.Sc. Allied Health Sciences Third Year (Semester- V)

April 2024 Examination B.Sc. Cardiac Perfusion Technology

[Max. Marks: 80]

Time: 2.30 Hrs.

Cardiac Perfusion Technology (Clinical) Q.P Code: K5771

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked. Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

 $\underline{\text{LONG ESSAY}} \\
2 \text{ X } 10 = 20 \text{ Marks}$

- 1. Explain the Conduct of CPB.
- 2. Adequacy of Perfusion.

SHORT ESSAY $6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ Marks}$

- 3. Indications of Peripheral cannulation.
- 4. Causes of poor venous drainage.
- 5. Draw the Circuit diagram of CPB.
- 6. Routes of Cardioplegia delivery.
- 7. Indicators of adequacy of Perfusion.
- 8. Explain Pulsatile perfusion.

 $\underline{SHORT\ ANSWERS}$ 10 X 3 = 30 Marks

- 9. Write the formula to calculate BSA and mention the unit.
- 10. Calculate the estimated PCV for the patient with height 162 cm, weight 63 kg, hematocrit 42%, prime volume 1200 ml.
- 11. Composition of St. Thomas Cardioplegia solution.
- 12. Causes of high arterial line pressure.
- 13. Mannitol.
- 14. Augmented venous drainage.
- 15. Name the drugs used in CPB.
- 16. Write the normal values for the following.
 - i) Potassium
 - ii) Hematocrit
 - iii) pCo2
- 17. Respiratory acidosis
- 18. Hemolysis- causes and preventive measures.

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B.Sc. Allied Health Sciences Third Year (Semester- V) April 2024 Examination

B.Sc. Cardiac Perfusion Technology

Q.P Code: K5772

Time: 2.30 Hrs. [Max. Marks: 80]

Cardiac Perfusion Technology (Applied)

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked. Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

LONG ESSAY $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks}$

- 1. Blood conservation techniques during cardiac surgery.
- 2. What is SIRS? The strategies to reduce the effect of SIRS.

 $\underline{SHORT ESSAY} \qquad \qquad 6 \times 5 = 30 \text{ Marks}$

- 3. Haemolysis- causes and preventive measures.
- 4. Heparin alternatives.
- 5. What is contact activation?
- 6. Retrograde autologous priming.
- 7. Strategies to check SIRS.
- 8. Monitoring the anti-coagulation status during cardiac surgery. Elaborate.

SHORT ANSWERS $10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ Marks}$

- 9. Protamine sulfhate.
- 10. Autologous blood transfusion.
- 11. Platelet activation.
- 12. Heparin sodium.
- 13. Metabolic alkalosis.
- 14. Hemoconcentrator- indications.
- 15. Low molecular weight heparin.
- 16. Management of bleeding after cardiac surgery.
- 17. Name the Activators used in ACT machine.
- 18. TEG.



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B.Sc. Allied Health Sciences Third Year (Semester- V)

April 2024 Examination

B.Sc. Cardiac Perfusion Technology

Time: 2.30 Hrs. [Max. Marks: 80]
Cardiac Perfusion Technology-Advanced

Q.P Code: K5773

Your answers should be specific to the questions asked. Draw neat labelled diagrams wherever necessary.

LONG ESSAY

 $2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ Marks}$

- 1. Write a note on ECMO.
- 2. explain the paediatric perfusion strategies. How do you manage haemodilution during CPB

 $\underline{SHORT\ ESSAY}$ 6 X 5 = 30 Marks

- 3. Write the differences between CPB and ECMO
- 4. Blood conservation measures in paediatric perfusion.
- 5. management of poor venous drainage and causes of poor venous drainage
- 6. what are the cannulation sites for aortic surgeries
- 7. Meduri's protocol
- 8. CPB in non cardiac surgeries.

SHORT ANSWERS

10 X 3 = 30 Marks

- 9. Complications of ECMO.
- 10. North-south syndrome.
- 11. name the corrective surgeries for the following
 - a. ASD b. PDA c. TOF
- 12. cerebral monitoring devices during paediatric CPB.
- 13. Retrograde cardioplegia.
- 14. Heparin alternatives
- 15. Cannulation sites of VA ECMO.
- 16. Protamine reaction.
- 17. write the difference between VA and VV ECMO
- 18. Double lumen cannula used in ECMO